

Exercise 16

Use the *series solution method* to solve the Volterra integral equations:

$$u(x) = x + \int_0^x \tan t u(t) dt$$

Solution

We seek a series solution for u :

$$u(x) = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + \dots$$

Substitute this and the Taylor series expansion of $\tan x$,

$$\tan x = x + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{15}x^5 + \frac{17}{315}x^7 + \frac{62}{2835}x^9 + \dots,$$

into the integral equation.

$$\begin{aligned} & a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + a_4x^4 + a_5x^5 + a_6x^6 + a_7x^7 + a_8x^8 + \dots \\ &= x + \int_0^x \left(t + \frac{1}{3}t^3 + \frac{2}{15}t^5 + \frac{17}{315}t^7 + \dots \right) (a_0 + a_1t + a_2t^2 + a_3t^3 + \dots) dt \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + a_4x^4 + a_5x^5 + a_6x^6 + a_7x^7 + a_8x^8 + \dots \\ &= x + \int_0^x t(a_0 + a_1t + a_2t^2 + a_3t^3 + a_4t^4 + a_5t^5 + a_6t^6 + \dots) dt \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{3} \int_0^x t^3(a_0 + a_1t + a_2t^2 + a_3t^3 + a_4t^4 + \dots) dt \\ &\quad + \frac{2}{15} \int_0^x t^5(a_0 + a_1t + a_2t^2 + \dots) dt + \frac{17}{315} \int_0^x t^7(a_0 + \dots) dt + \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + a_4x^4 + a_5x^5 + a_6x^6 + a_7x^7 + a_8x^8 + \dots \\ &= x + \left(\frac{a_0}{2}x^2 + \frac{a_1}{3}x^3 + \frac{a_2}{4}x^4 + \frac{a_3}{5}x^5 + \frac{a_4}{6}x^6 + \frac{a_5}{7}x^7 + \frac{a_6}{8}x^8 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{a_0}{4}x^4 + \frac{a_1}{5}x^5 + \frac{a_2}{6}x^6 + \frac{a_3}{7}x^7 + \frac{a_4}{8}x^8 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad + \frac{2}{15} \left(\frac{a_0}{6}x^6 + \frac{a_1}{7}x^7 + \frac{a_2}{8}x^8 + \dots \right) + \frac{17}{315} \left(\frac{a_0}{8}x^8 + \dots \right) + \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + a_4x^4 + a_5x^5 + a_6x^6 + a_7x^7 + a_8x^8 + \dots \\ &= x + \frac{a_0}{2}x^2 + \frac{a_1}{3}x^3 + \left(\frac{a_2}{4} + \frac{a_0}{12} \right) x^4 + \left(\frac{a_3}{5} + \frac{a_1}{15} \right) x^5 \\ &\quad + \left(\frac{a_4}{6} + \frac{a_2}{18} + \frac{a_0}{45} \right) x^6 + \left(\frac{a_5}{7} + \frac{a_3}{21} + \frac{2a_1}{105} \right) x^7 + \left(\frac{a_6}{8} + \frac{a_4}{24} + \frac{a_2}{60} + \frac{17a_0}{2520} \right) x^8 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

Match the coefficients of the respective powers of x to determine a_i .

$$\begin{array}{ll} a_0 = 0 & \\ a_1 = 1 & \\ a_2 = \frac{a_0}{2} & \rightarrow a_2 = 0 \\ a_3 = \frac{a_1}{3} & \rightarrow a_3 = \frac{1}{3} \\ a_4 = \frac{a_2}{4} + \frac{a_0}{12} & \rightarrow a_4 = 0 \\ a_5 = \frac{a_3}{5} + \frac{a_1}{15} & \rightarrow a_5 = \frac{2}{15} \\ a_6 = \frac{a_4}{6} + \frac{a_2}{18} + \frac{a_0}{45} & \rightarrow a_6 = 0 \\ a_7 = \frac{a_5}{7} + \frac{a_3}{21} + \frac{2a_1}{105} & \rightarrow a_7 = \frac{17}{315} \\ a_8 = \frac{a_6}{8} + \frac{a_4}{24} + \frac{a_2}{60} + \frac{17a_0}{2520} & \rightarrow a_8 = 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots \end{array}$$

So then

$$\begin{aligned} u(x) &= x + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{2}{15}x^5 + \frac{17}{315}x^7 + \cdots \\ &= \tan x. \end{aligned}$$